1. Decompose each fraction modeled by a tape diagram as a sum of unit fractions. Write the equivalent multiplication sentence. The first one has been done for you.

a. 
\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{2}{3} &= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \\
\frac{2}{3} &= 2 \times \frac{1}{3}
\end{align*}
\]

b. 

\[
\begin{align*}
1 &= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}
\end{align*}
\]

c. 

\[
\begin{align*}
1 &= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}
\end{align*}
\]

d. 

\[
\begin{align*}
1 &= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}
\end{align*}
\]
2. Write the following fractions greater than 1 as the sum of two products.

a. 

\[ \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \]

b. 

\[ \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \]

3. Draw a tape diagram and record the given fraction’s decomposition into unit fractions as a multiplication sentence.

a. \( \frac{3}{5} \)

b. \( \frac{3}{8} \)

c. \( \frac{5}{9} \)

d. \( \frac{8}{5} \)

e. \( \frac{12}{4} \)